

**問題A** 次の英文が2回読まれるのを聞いて、問題用紙の指示に従って答える。

- (1) It's a kind of fan. Some Japanese use it to make a wind and feel the nice wind especially in summer. It is also used in Japanese dance, *nihon buyou* and *kabuki*.
- (2) It's one of the Japanese traditional food. People eat this at the end of the year to be in good health and live longer.

**問題B** 次の英文が2回読まれるのを聞いて、問題用紙の指示に従って答える。

We talk in the school radio program during lunch time. Next time, each of us will talk about a new story in our school. Please come to me on Wednesday after school with your story.

**問題C** 次の会話が2回読まれるのを聞いて、問題用紙の指示に従って答える。

- (1)  
A : May I help you?  
B : I'm looking for a birthday card to my mother in Australia.  
A : How about this one?  
B : It's great. How much is it?
- (2)  
A : You look very happy today, Kyoko.  
B : Well, I had a basketball game and our team won.  
A : That's great! I want to watch your game.  
B : Then, why don't you come to our game next Saturday?

**問題D** 次の英文が2回読まれるのを聞いて、問題用紙の指示に従って答える。

How can we have a good talk with people from other countries for the first time? I have a good idea. Let's ask them some good questions. For example, it may be easy for you to say, "How are you? Nice to meet you," but what do you say after that? Some questions like, "Where are you from?" or "What is your favorite food?" are good questions to ask. By asking them these questions, you can get some good information to keep talking with them. But you should be careful about the kind of questions you ask. In many countries, asking questions like, "How old are you?" is not good. So if you want to have a good talk, you also need to learn what questions are good and what questions are bad.